

# Total Kidney Volume (TKV) In **Autosomal Dominant Polycystic Kidney Disease (ADPKD)**



#### Why TKV Is Important

The decline in estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is usually preceded by an increase in kidney volume.3



Cyst Development & Enlargement

## A Methods That Estimate TKV<sup>2,3</sup>



Length (L) = Average of maximal coronal and sagittal length

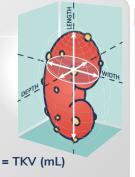
Width (W) = Maximal axial width

Depth (D) = Maximal axial depth

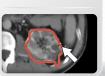
Measured in millimeters (mm)

## **Left Kidney** $x (L \times W \times D)$





Manual Segmentation<sup>3</sup>



2,4

Stereology & Mid-Section Technique<sup>3</sup>



**Semiautomated** & Fully Automated<sup>3</sup>



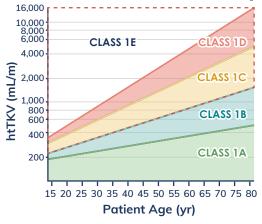
# B Calculate Height-Adjusted TKV (htTKV)

TKV (mL) height (m)

= htTKV (mL/m)

## C Determine ADPKD Imaging Classification

HtTKV can be used to determine a patient's risk of future kidney failure using the Mayo Clinic Imaging Classification (MCIC) system.



| Class | Expected<br>Annual<br>Growth In<br>htTKV | Estimated<br>Slope Of<br>Change In<br>eGFR* | Rate Of<br>Disease<br>Progression |
|-------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1E    | >6.0%                                    | ~4.78                                       | Rapid                             |
| 1D    | 4.5%–6.0%                                | ~3.48                                       | Rapid                             |
| 1C    | 3.0%-4.5%                                | ~2.63                                       | Rapid                             |
| 1B    | 1.5%–3.0%                                | ~1.33                                       | Intermediate                      |
| 1A    | <1.5%                                    | ~0.23                                       | Slow                              |

\*eGFR units =ml/min/1.73m<sup>2</sup>/yr

Patients with ADPKD and MCIC 1C, 1D, 1E are considered high risk for rapid progression to kidney failure.

### How To Report<sup>2,3</sup>

- **Exclude Mimics**
- **Confirm Diagnosis** 
  - Classify
    - Class I: Typical (can be classified based on Mayo classification)
    - Class II: Atypical
- Size Assessment A Kidney size or volume Calculate htTKV © Determine Mayo Classification

#### Report Complications • Extrarenal findings

When asked for a Total Kidney Volume or TKV: Report either maximal bilateral kidney dimensions or a calculated volume.

- erences: rantham JJ et al. (2011). Nat Rev Nephrol. 7(10):556-566. Idedra, D. et. al. Autosomal Dominant Polycystic Kidney Disease:Role of Imaging in iagnosis and Management. Radiographics. 2023. 34[1]:e220126 lagistroni R, et al. (2018) Am J of Nephrology. 48:67-78. epublished with permission of the American Society of Nephrology, Irazabal et al. (2015) AM Soc Nephol. 26:160-172.